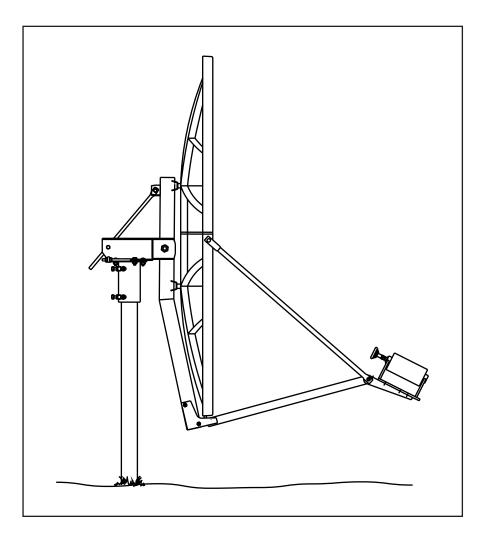
Instruction and Assembly Manual





Type 243 2.4m Offset Tx/Rx Antenna System

Channel Master[®] (UK) Limited

Premier Business Park, Crofthead Road, Off Philips Road, Whitebirk Industrial Estate Blackburn, Lancashire England BB1 5UE (0254) 680444 E Fax (0254) 672299

Mannel Master[®]

1315 Industrial Park Drive, P.O. Box 1416 Smithfield, N.C. 27577 U.S.A. Fax (919) 989-2200 Phone (919) 989-2205 (Customer Service)

Printed in U.S.A. 12/98 8000450-02

ASSEMBLY TOOLS REQUIRED

- 1 ¹⁵/₁₆" Deep Socket (¹/₂" Drive) 1 - 1 ⁵/₁₆" Deep Socket (¹/₂" Drive) 1 - 3/4" Socket (1/2" Drive)
- (Capacity 4 Ft-lbs 175 Ft-lbs)
 - 1 7/16" Nutdriver

PREINSTALLATION CHECKLIST

- Grounding Rod Clamp & Grounding Block: As required by National Electric Code or local codes.
- Ground Wire: As required by National Electric Code or local codes (length required).

□ Coaxial Cable: Size and length required.

1 - Compass

1 - Clinometer

1 - Torque Wrench

1 - 9" Magnetic Bubble Level

The first and most important consideration when Before any digging is done, information regarding the possibility of underground telephone lines, power choosing a prospective antenna site is whether or not the area can provide an acceptable "look angle" at lines, storm drains, etc., in the excavation area should the satellites. A site with a clear, unobstructed view be obtained from the appropriate agency. is preferred. Also consider obstruction that may occur Because soils vary widely in composition and load capacity, consult a local professional engineer to determine the appropriate foundation design and installation procedure. A suggested foundation design with conditions noted is included in this manual for reference purposes only (see page 4). To assist in the foundation design, refer to "Outline Drawing" in the Appendix "A" on page 16.

in the future such as the growth of trees. Your antenna site must be selected in advance so that you will be able to receive the strongest signal available. To avoid obstructions, etc., conduct an on-site survey with a portable antenna. As with any other type of construction, a local building permit may be required before installing an antenna. It is the property owner's responsibility to obtain any and all permits.

GRADE 5				GRADE 2									
⁵∕16 IN.	⅔ IN.	1⁄2 IN.	5∕% IN.	³∕₄ IN.	7∕8 IN.	10	1⁄4 IN.	⁵⁄16 IN.	3∕8 IN.	½ IN .	5∕8 IN.	¾ IN.	7∕8 IN.
18 FT-LBS	31 FT-LBS	75 FT-LBS	150 FT-LBS	250 FT-LBS	350 FT-LBS	32 FT-LBS	6 FT-LBS	11 FT-LBS	20 FT-LBS	43 FT-LBS	92 FT-LBS	124 FT-LBS	175 FT-LBS
24 N-m	42 N-m	102 N-m	203 N-m	339 N-m	474 N-m	3.6 N-m	8 N-m	15 N-m	27 N-m	58 N-m	125 N-m	168 N-m	237 N-m
EXAMP	LES:		(Ð	GRA	DE 5					GRADE	2	





EXCEPTION TO CHART ABOVE:

5%" x 51/2" Round Head Square Neck Bolt (Item #2), securing antenna to mount. Torque to 35 Ft-lbs (47 N-m).

1/2" x 11/2" Hex Head Bolt, securing antenna halves. Torgue to 35 Ft-lbs (47 N-m).

- 1 Ratchet Wrench (1/2" Drive)

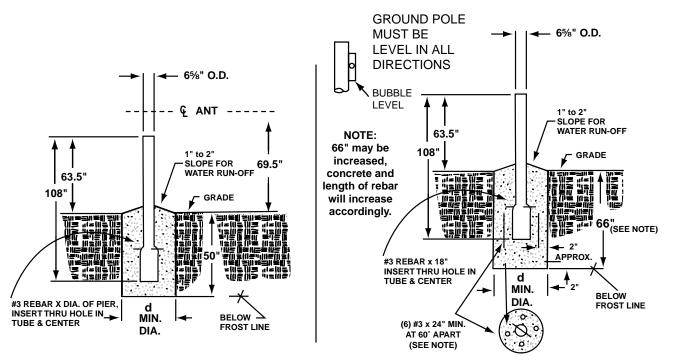
- 1 7/16" Box/Open End Wrench
- 1 11/8" Open End Wrench
- 1 12" Crescent Wrench (Adjustable)
- 1 ⁷/₁₆" Socket (For Torque Wrench)
- □ Concrete: See "Ground Pole" section for quantity.
- □ #3 Rebar: See "Ground Pole" section for quantity. Deformed steel per ASTM A615, Grade 40 or 60.

SITE SELECTION

BOLT TORQUE

m) LT	APPLY 11 FT-LBS (15 N-m) OF TORQUE TO 5/16 BOLT

GROUND POLE INSTALLATION - 6%" O.D.



PIER FOUNDATIONS

DEEP FROST LINE FOUNDATIONS

		EXPOS	SURE "C"	EXP	OSURE "C"	
	WIND		CONC		CONC	
ANT	VEL	DIM	VOL	DIM	VOL	GROUND
SIZE	(MPH)	"d"	(CUYD)	"d"	(CU YD)	POLE
2.4m	100	44"	1.7	37"	1.6	" A "
SMC OFFSET	125	53"	2.4	45.25"	2.6	"B"

POLE SPECIFICATIONS:

Ground Pole "A" = 6.62 OD SCH 40 (6.06 I.D.) Steel Ground Pole "B" = 6.62 OD SCH 80 (5.76 I.D.) Steel

NOTE:

- 1. Poles "A" and "B" are not supplied (purchased locally to ASTM A501) and must be field drilled 5% Dia. for #3 rebar, drilled .218 for 1/4-20 self tapping grounding screw and galvanized or painted for protection.
- 2. Pole and foundation design based on the following criteria:
- a. Uniform building code Exposure C and 1.5 stability factor.
- b. Vertical soil pressure of 2000 pounds per square foot.
- c. Lateral soil pressure of 300 pounds per square foot.
- d. Concrete compressive strength of 2500 pounds per square inch in 28 days.

CAUTION: The foundation design shown does not represent an appropriate design for any specific locality, since soil conditions vary and may not meet design criteria given in Note 2. You should consult a local professional engineer to determine your soil conditions and appropriate foundation.

REFLECTOR ASSEMBLY

1 - Place reflector halves on a flat surface, face down. (Ref. Figure 1.0). Install 1/2" x 11/2" hex bolts with flat washer into the two outer bolt holes at reflector rim. Secure with 1/2" flat washer, lock washer and hex nut as shown in Figure 1.1. Repeat on opposite side of reflector. Leave loose.

2 - Install remaining seam bolts, working toward center of reflector as noted above. Repeat on opposite side of reflector. Leave finger tight. (Ref. Figure 1.2)

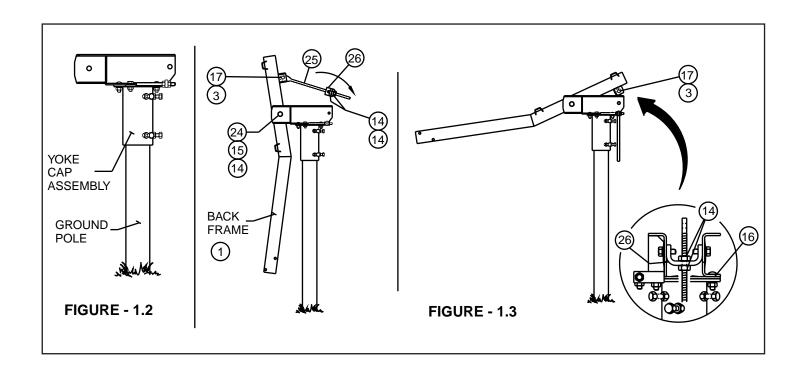
NOTE: All seam bolts to be finger tight only.

MOUNT AND BACKFRAME ASSEMBLY

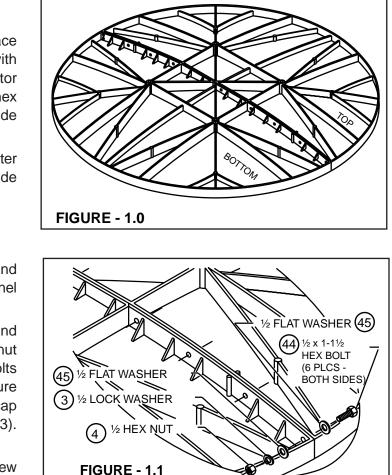
3 - Place yoke cap assembly onto ground pole, and loosen two 1/2" carriage bolts (16) securing R.H. channel to voke cap (non-welded). Reference Figure 1.3.

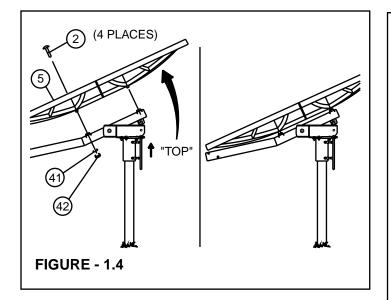
4 - Install backframe (1) onto yoke cap assembly and secure with ⁷/₈" x 6" hex bolt, lock washer and hex nut (24, 15 & 14). Do not tighten. Remove two 1/2" bolts from Trunnion, swing backframe down and secure elevation screw and trunnion (25 & 26) to AZ/EL cap with $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hex bolt and lock washer (17 & 3). Leave loose. Reference Figure 1.3.

5 - Loosen ⁷/₈" elevation nuts (14) on elevation screw (25) and run up to place backframe in birdbath position (see Figures 1.3 & 1.4).



ASSEMBLY





ANTENNA INSTALLATION

6 - Insert four $\frac{5}{8}$ " x $5\frac{1}{2}$ " round head square neck bolts (2) into reflector assembly (5) and affix on to backframe. Reflector section marked "TOP" must be located at the top end of backframe. Make sure round head square neck bolts are seated correctly before securing reflector to backframe. Secure reflector to backframe with 5%" lock washers and hex nuts. Leave these **bolts loose**. Reference Figure 1.4.

SEAM ALIGNMENT

7 - Lower reflector to vertical position by running down two elevation nuts (14).

8 - Check the horizontal seam match as shown in Figure 1.5. If alignment is required, begin at the outer rim by pushing or pulling on the bottom reflector rim, while another tightens their seam bolts at this location. Continue this process, working toward the center, and alternating from one side to the other.

9 - After all seam bolts are tightened, torque bolts, using the same sequences as above, to 35 ft-lbs. Now tighten and torque (4) reflector mounting bolts to 35 ft-lbs.

NOTE: Certain models reugire additional alignment instructions. Refer to supplement for detailed instructions.

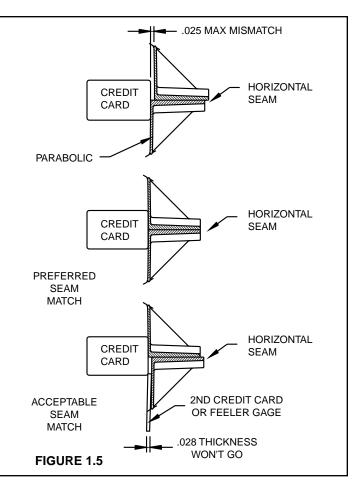
FEED SUPPORT TUBE INSTALLATION

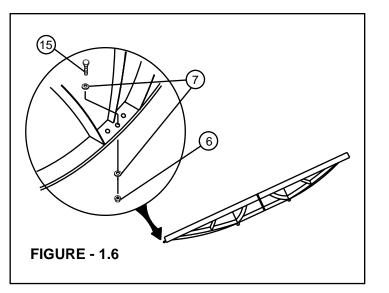
10 - Install $\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ hex bolt with flat wahser (46 & 7) into bottom hole in reflector and secure with $\frac{1}{4}$ " flat washer and hex nut (7 & 6). Reference Figure 1.6

11 - Install feed support tube (10) onto backframe and secure with two 1/2" x 51/2" hex bolts, four external tooth lock washers and hex nuts (12, 11 & 4).

Reference Figure 1.7.

IMPORTANT: 1/4" x 11/2" hex gage bolt (Item 46) in bottom of reflector fits into hole on top of support tube end (Item 10). Reference Figure 1.7.





NOTE: 1/2" external tooth washers (11) must be assembled on bolts, with one under head of bolts and one under hex nuts (4), refer to Figure 1.7. Leave these bolts loose.

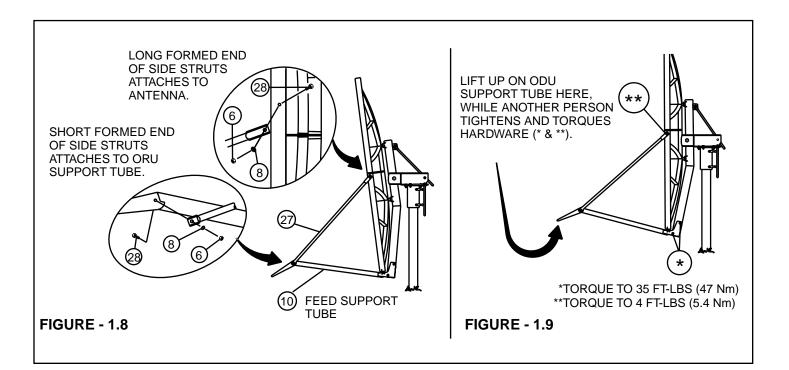
12 - Install left and right side struts onto reflector as shown in Figure 1.8.

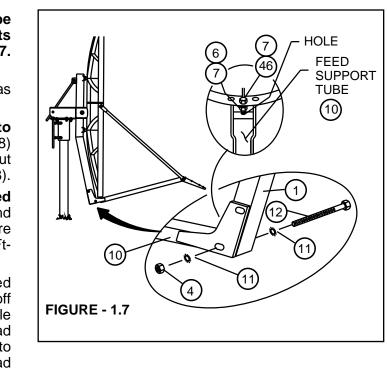
Attach long formed end of side struts (27) to reflector rim by inserting 1/4" x 3/4" hex head bolt (28) through inside of reflector rim and secure snug, but free to pivot with 1/4" lock washer and hex nut (6 & 8).

Attach short formed end of side struts (27) to feed support tube with 1/4" x 3/4" hex bolt, lock wahesr and hex nut (28, 8 & 6). Tighten and torque hardware securing side struts to feed support tube only to 6 Ftlbs (8 N-m).

13 - Without using excessive pressure, lift feed support tube vertically just enough to relieve load off side struts and bottom rim gage bolt (Item 46). While another person tightens and torque's 1/2" hex head bolts (*) securing feed supprot tube to backframe to 35 Ft-lbs (47 N-m). Tighten and torque 1/4" hex head bolts (**) securing side struts to reflector to 4 Ft-lbs (5.4 N-m). Reference Figure 1.9.

14 - To install ODU or Feeds, see instructions supplied with these kits.

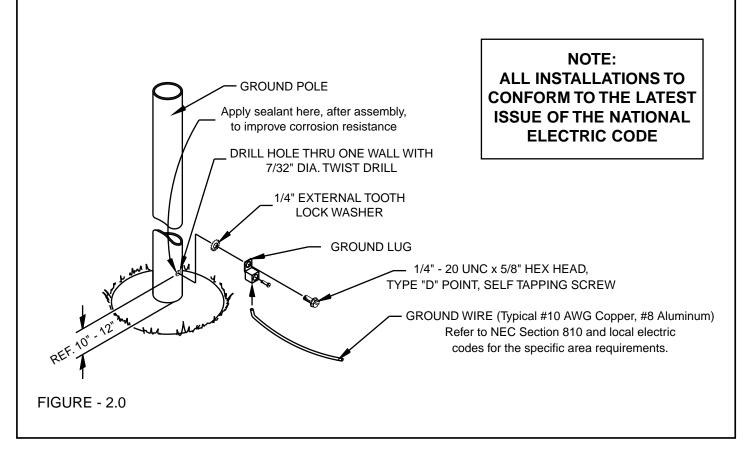


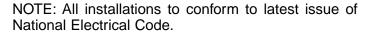


GROUNDING

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL GROUNDING FOR ANTENNA GROUND POLE

NOTE: ALL INSTALLATIONS TO CONFORM TO THE LATEST ISSUE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE

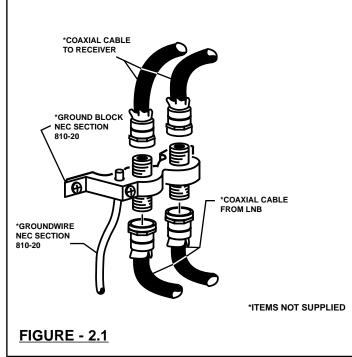




Ground antenna mount assembly and feed cables in accordance with current National Electrical Code and local electrical codes. Figure 2.0 and 2.1 illustrates typical grounding methods for the ground pole and feed cables.

Clamps that provide a solid connection between ground wire and ground source should be used.

Tighten and torque all hardware.



ANTENNA ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment with the satellite is obtained by setting polarization, elevation and azimuth. Charts 1, 2 & 3 are to determine the values for your earth station antenna site. " Δ L" is the difference between the earth station antenna site longitude and the satellite longitude. Use " Δ L" and your earth station latitude to obtain polarization, elevation or azimuth setting.

POLARIZATION OF FEED

Loosen feed horn clamp bolts and turn feed clockwise or counterclockwise, depending on being east or west of the satellite as shown on Chart 1. Align marks on the horn clamp and appropriate mark on the horn scale. Polarization chart assumes antenna system polarization is Tx vertical and satellite vertical Pol is perpendicular to plane of geostationary arc. For horizontal Tx of antenna, feed must be rotated 90° from values shown. (Starting point for polarization adjustment is 0°, as shown in Figure 3.0).

ELEVATION ALIGNMENT

Use Chart 2 and determine your elevation setting. Using a clinometer, adjust the elevation by turning the elevation screw adjusting nuts until the desired elevation is obtained. Reference 3.1. NOTE: Degree values shown on the clinometer are mechanical; that is when the reflector face is vertical, mechanical elevation is 90° or axis is 0°, while the beam elevation (signal) axis is 22.62°. Therefore, as the reflector is tilted, remember to compensate for the 22.62° offset angle to get the correct beam elevation. (See Appendix A, Outline Drawing, Page 17). This is an approximate setting. Optimum setting will be achieved during the fine tuning.

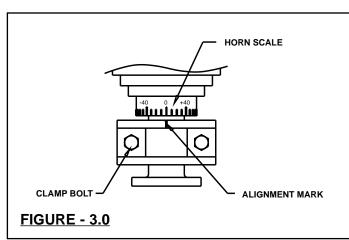
AZIMUTH

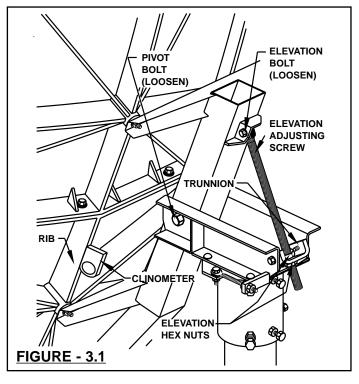
Use Chart 3 and determine your azimuth setting. Values in chart must be adjusted for magnetic deviation for your location for correct compass reading. Equally tighten the six azimuth locking bolts until snug. This will allow the reflector to rotate with slight

resistance (Ref. Fig. 3.2.)

Rotate reflector and mount, pointing to the compass reading for your location (Ref. Fig. 3.3.)

Slowly sweep the reflector in azimuth until signal is found. If desired signal is not found, increase or decrease elevation setting and repeat the azimuth sweep. Tighten locking bolts.





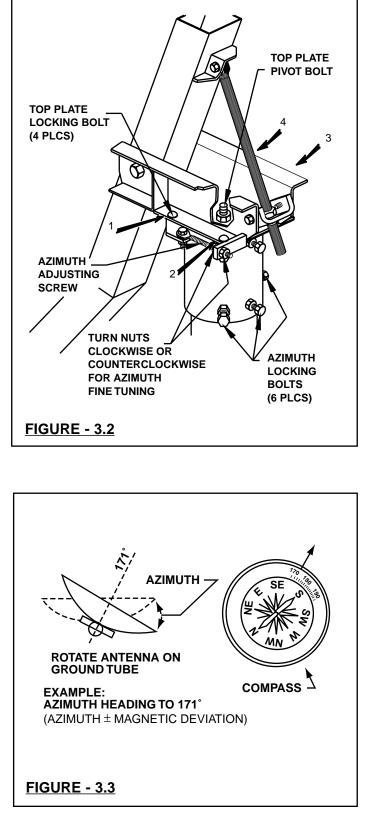
FINE TUNING

Progressively tighten and torque azimuth locking bolts to 85-95 Ft-lbs. The four top plate locking bolts are factory torqued to 10-11 Ft-lbs., maintain this torque until after azimuth is fine tuned.

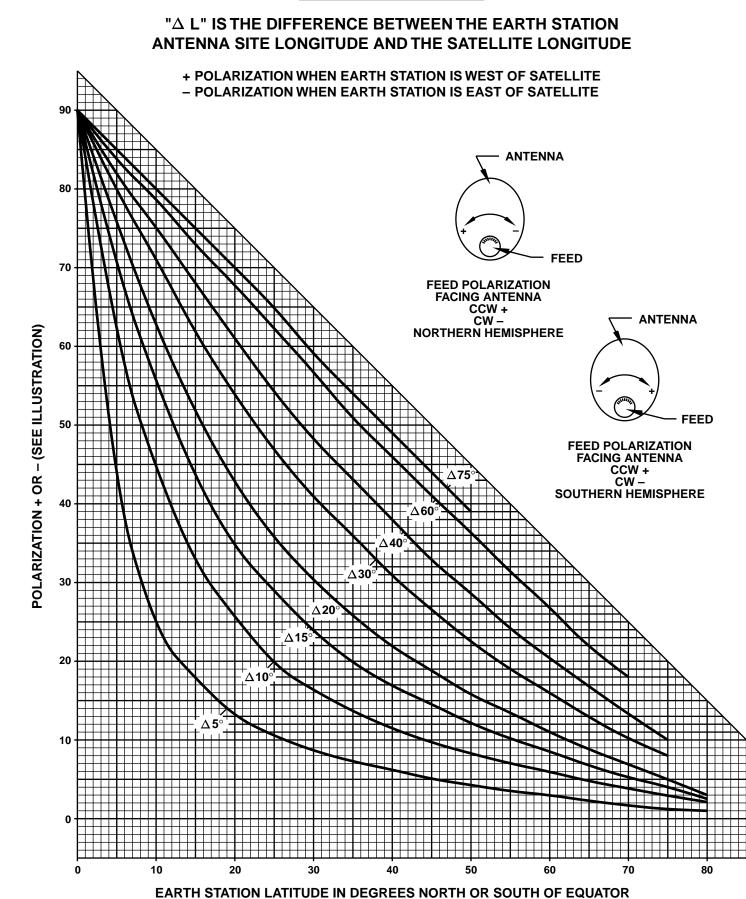
Use a signal strength measuring device for final adjustments to obtain maximum antenna performance. Alternate between elevation and azimuth fine tuning to reach maximum signal strength, until no improvement can be detected. Gradually tighten (1/8 turn increments max.) top plate bolts in sequence 1, 3, 4 and 2 to 75 Ft-lbs., refer to Figure 3.2. Observe for maximum signal strength as elevation screw's locking nuts are tighten.

Polarization tune may be checked by carefully and slowly rotating feed assembly in clamp. When maximum signal strength is found, gradually tighten clamp bolts (Fig. 3.0). If a signal on the opposite polarity is available, this signal should be minimized.

Tighten and torque all hardware. Refer to Torque Chart on Page 3.







POLARIZATION CHART

CHART 1

AZIMUTH CHART

" Δ L" IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EARTH STATION ANTENNA SITE LONGITUDE AND THE SATELLITE LONGITUDE

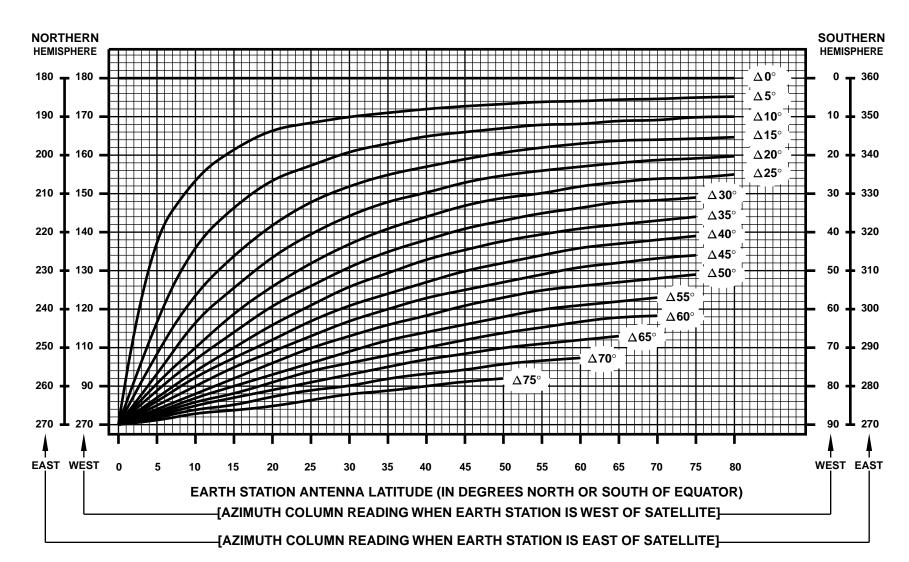
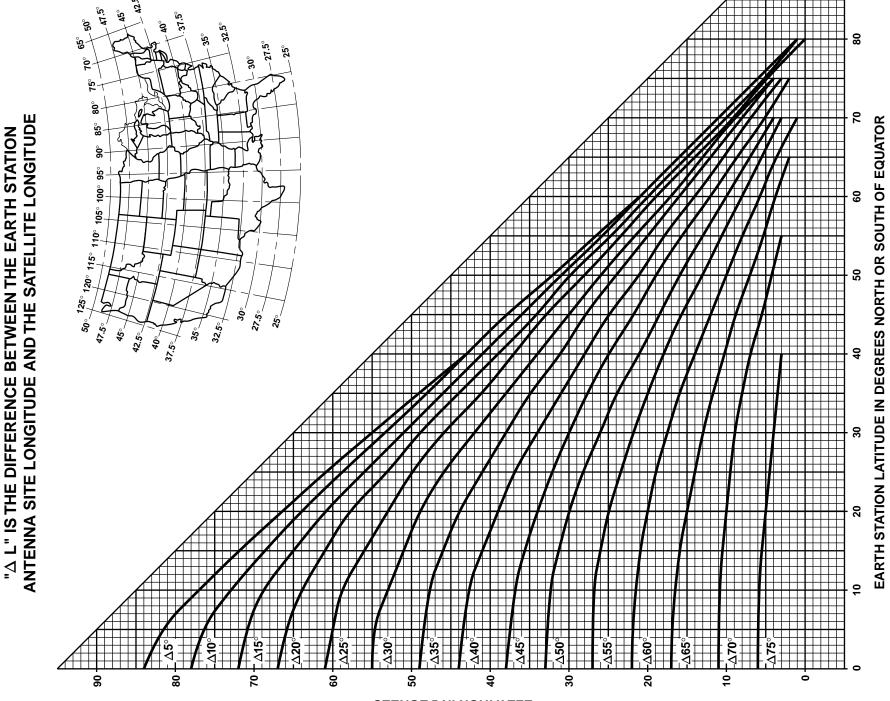


CHART 3



CHART

CHART

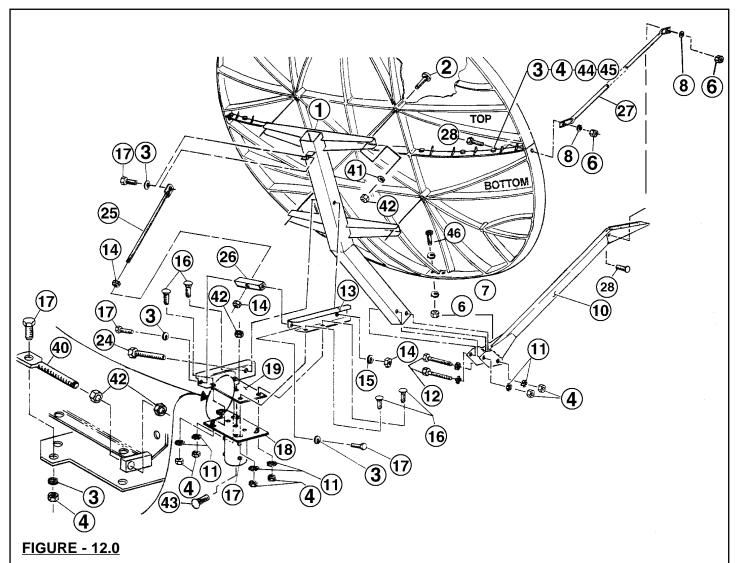
EARTH STATION ANTENNA AZIMUTH (IN DEGREES)

ELEVATION

"△ L" IS THE DIFFERENCE BETW ANTENNA SITE LONGITUDE AND T

ELEVATION IN DEGREES

PARTS AND HARDWARE



TX MOUNT AND BOTTOM FEED SUPPORT TUBE

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	2020753-03	BACKFRAME ASSEMBLY, GALV	1
2	2070035-01	RD HD SQ NK BLT GALV 5/6-13 x 51/2"	4
3	2509008-02	LOCK WASHER, GALV. 1/2"	20
4	2389002-01	HEX NUT, GALV 1/2"-13	19
5	3040748-35	2.4M SMC ANTENNA TOP HALF (TX QUALITY)	1
-	3040747-35	2.4M SMC ANTENNA BTM HALF (TX QUALITY)	1
6	2382600-01	HEX NUT, SS 1⁄4"-20	6
7	2502600-01	FLAT WASHER, SS 1/4"	2
8	2602600-01	LOCK WASHER, SS 1/4"	4
10	2020773-02	BOTTOM FEED SUPPORT TUBE	1
11	2509009-01	EXTERNAL TOOTH LOCK WASHER 1/2"	4
12	2075088-01	HEX BOLT, GALV 1/2" x 51/2"	2
13	2010301-02	L.H. CHANNEL, CAP MT., GALV	1
14	2389005-01	HEX NUT, GALV 7/8"-9	3
15	2509008-04	LOCK WASHER 7/8"	1
16	2070020-02	RD HD SQ NK BLT GALV 1/2" x 11/2" GD 5	1

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
17	2075209-01	HEX BOLT, GALV 1/2" x 11/4" GD 5	10
18	2020755-04	YOKE CAP ASSEMBLY, GALV	1
19	2020754-02	TOP PLATE YOKE ASSY, GALV	1
24	2070039-01	HEX BOLT 7%-9" x 6"	1
25	2020555-04	ELEVATION ADJUSTMENT SCREW	1
26	2010453-03	TRUNNION, GALV	1
27	2020774-01	SIDE STRUT	2
28	2072612-01	HEX BOLT, SS ¼" x ¾"	4
40	2075202-06	AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT SCREW	1
41	2509008-03	LOCK WSHER, GALV %"	4
42	2389003-01	HEX NUT, GALV %" -13	1
43	2070035-02	RD HD SQ NK BLT GALV 5%" x 11/2"	1
44	2075024-01	HEX BOLT, GALV ½" x 1½"	12
45	2509014-01	FLAT WASHER, SS 1/2"	24
46	2060033-01	HEX BOLT, SS, ¼" x 1½" FULL THREAD	1

MAINTENANCE

To insure that the Tx/Rx Mount and 2.4m SMC Offset Antenna is operating efficiently and at an optimum, moderate maintenance is required. We recommend conducting a routine Maintenance Inspection every six months or as needed if unusual circumstances occur, such as severe weather conditions, falling objects or vandalism. The following checklist is provided for your convenience.

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST:

1 - FOUNDATION

Structural Damage

2 - Tx/Rx MOUNT

- Structural Damage
- Corrosion of galvanized steel members (if necessary, repair with cold zinc-rich galvanizing paint)

3 - 2.4m SMC OFFSET ANTENNA

- Structural Damage

4 - BOTTOM FEED SUPPORT TUBE, SIDE FEED SUPPORT STRUTS AND ODU BRACKET

- Structural Damage

5 - FEED ASSEMBLY

- All securing hardware
- Structural Damage

Upon inspection, make necessary repairs and replace any damaged parts. For replacement parts, contact:

U.S.A.: VSAT Customer Service, Channel Master P.O. Box 1416 1315 Industrial Park Drive Smithfield, NC 27577 U.S.A. Telephone: (919) 989-2205 Fax: (919) 989-2200

■ All bolts (if any loosening has occurred tighten and torque - refer to Torque Chart page 3)

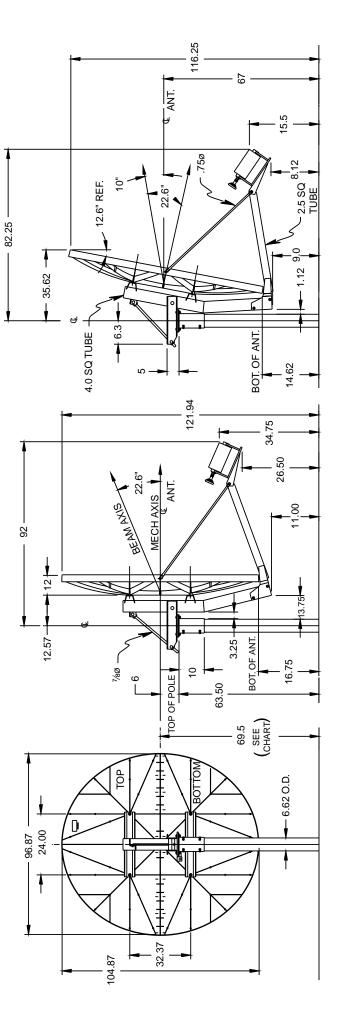
■ Bolts - 5%" round head square neck, securing antenna to mount (Correct torque 20 Ft-lbs/27 N-m)

■ All bolts (if loosening has occurred tighten and torque - refer to Torque Chart page 3) Corrosion of galvanized steel members (if necessary repair with cold zinc-rich galvanizing paint)

Feed Horn Weather Cover - Physical Damage (if damaged replace to prevent entry of water)

England: CHANNEL MASTER Premier Business Park Croft Head Road, Off Philips Road Whitebirk Industrial Estate Blackburn, Lancashire England BB1 5UE (0254) 680444 • Fax (0254) 672299





NOTES:

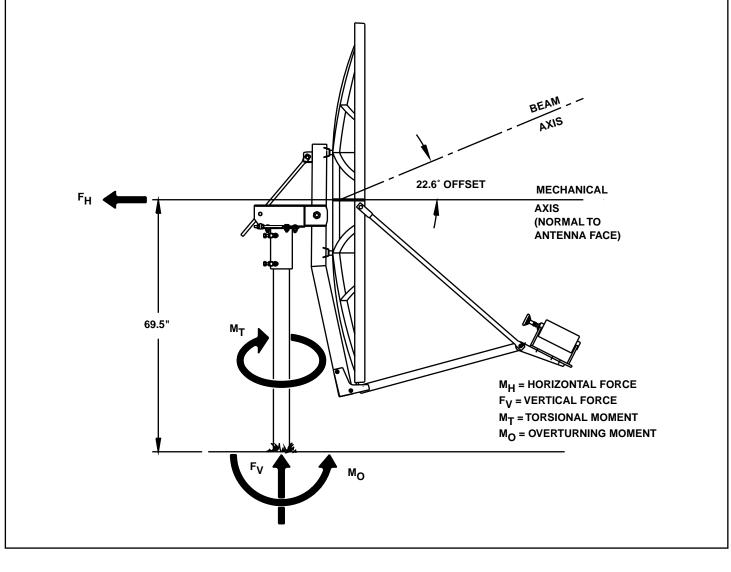
6" MAXIMUM DISTANCE FROM GROUND TO Ç OF ANTENNA GROUND GROUND EXPOSURE 125 MPH 120 MPH 110 MPH 100 MPH 6.62 O.D B 96" - - - - - - - 6.62 O.D B 96" - <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>								
	NTENNA DLE)	100 MPH	l	I	73"			
	ND TO € OF A F GROUND PC	110 MPH	I	80"	61"			
	E FROM GROUI ABOVE TOP OI B WIND SPEFI	115 MPH	I	73"	I			
	MUM DISTANCE (NOTE: Q IS 6" FC	120 MPH	I	67"	I	.96	80"	
	MAXI	125 MPH	96"	62"	I	89"	67"	
6" GROUND PIPE 6.62 O.D x 6.06 I.D. Schedule 40 6.62 O.D. x 5.76 I.D. Schedule 80		EXPOSURE	В	U	۵	U	۵	
1 1 1	6" GROLIND	PIPE	6.62 O.D	x 6.06 I.D.	Schedule 40	6.62 O.D.	x 5.76 I.D.	Schedule 80

Antenna and mount certified to withstand 125 mph wind.

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Chart based on A36 (36,000 psi yield) steel and 1.5 stability - 1991 Uniform Building Code Table 23G Exposure B, C or D at 0-15' height above ground.

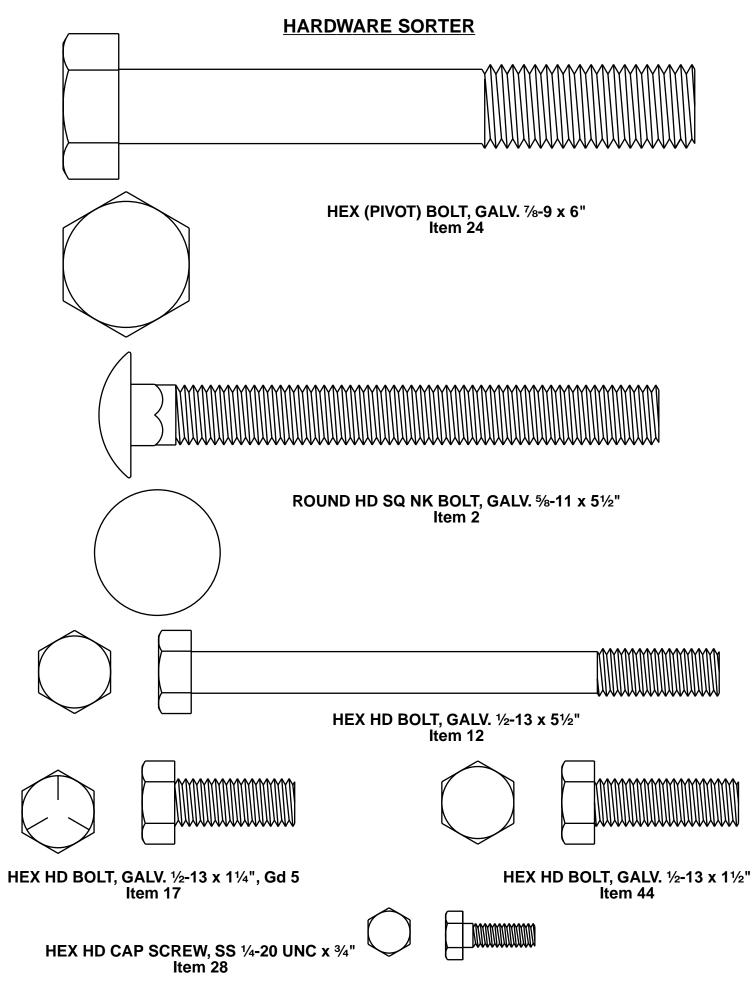


	VATION GREES		RCE JNDS)	MOMENTS (FOOT-POUNDS)		
MECH.	BEAM	FH	FV	MT	MO	
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70	23 33 43 53 63 73 83 93	3,330 3,152 3,064 2,775 2,442 2,131 1,776 1,332	-89 -666 -1,288 -1,843 -2,220 -2,442 -2,553 -1,976	2,612 2,557 2,426 2,202 1,867 1,568 1,213 933	19,286 18,255 17,746 16,072 14,143 12,342 10,286 7,715	

MO BASED ON 69.5" FROM MOUNTING SURFACE TO & OF ANTENNA.

Values shown above represent maximum forces for any wind direction. Height and exposure factors from the uniform building code are <u>NOT</u> included.

2.4m OFFSET SMC ANTENNA SURVIVAL WINDLOADS AT 125 MPH VELOCITY



Hardware illustrations are true size. Place actual hardware on top of illustration to identify.